

KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Signature Report

October 29, 2004

Ordinance 15053

Proposed No. 2004-0124.3 **Sponsors** Constantine

1	AN ORDINANCE relating to clearing and grading;
2	amending Ordinance 1488, Section 5, as amended, and
3	K.C.C. 16.82.020, Ordinance 1488, Section 6, as amended,
4	and K.C.C. 16.82.050, Ordinance 1488, Section 7, as
5	amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.060, Ordinance 1488, Section
6	11, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.100, Ordinance 1488
7	(part), as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.130, Ordinance 9614,
8	Section 102, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.140, Ordinance
9	9614, Section 103, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.150,
10	Ordinance 11618, Section 8, and K.C.C. 16.82.160 and
11	Ordinance 12823, Section 18, and K.C.C. 21A.38.230 and
12	adding new sections to K.C.C. chapter 16.82.
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14	
15	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
16	SECTION 1. Ordinance 1488, Section 5, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.020 are
17	each hereby amended to read as follows:

18	Definitions. Certain words and phrases used in this chapter, unless otherwise
19	clearly indicated by their context, mean as follows:
20	A. "Applicant" ((is)) means a property owner or a public agency or public or
21	private utility ((which)) that owns a right-of-way or other easement or has been
22	adjudicated the right to such an easement ((pursuant to)) in accordance with RCW
23	8.12.090, or any person or entity designated or named in writing by the property or
24	easement owner to be the applicant, in an application for a development proposal, permit
25	or approval.
26	B. "Bench" ((is)) means a relatively level step excavated or constructed on the
27	face of a graded slope surface for drainage and maintenance purposes.
28	C. (("Berm" is a mound or raised area used for the purpose of screening a site or
29	operation.
30	D.)) "Civil engineer" means ((a professional)) an engineer ((registered in)) who is
31	licensed as a professional engineer in the branch of civil engineering by the state of
32	Washington ((to practice in the field of civil works)).
33	. $((E_{-}))$ \underline{D}_{-} "Clearing" means the cutting, <u>killing</u> , <u>grubbing</u> or $((removal))$ <u>removing</u>
34	of vegetation or other organic ((plant)) material by physical, mechanical, chemical or any
35	other <u>similar</u> means.
36	$((F_{-}))$ E. "Compaction" $((is))$ means the densification of a fill by mechanical
37	means.
38	$((G_{-}))$ <u>F.</u> "Cutting" $((is))$ <u>means</u> the severing of the main trunk or stem $((s from from from from from from from from$
39	close to or at the soil surface or at a point up to 25% of the total vegetation height)) of
40	woody vegetation at any point.

41	G. "Department" means the department of development and environmental
42	services.
43	H. "Director" means the director ((or the authorized agent)) of the department of
44	development and environmental services or the director's designee.
45	I. "Earth material" ((is)) means any rock, natural soil or any combination thereof.
46	J. "Erosion" ((is)) means the wearing away of the ground surface as the result of
47	the movement of wind, water ((and/))or ice.
48	K. "Excavation" ((is)) means the removal of earth material.
49	L. "Fill" ((is)) means a deposit of earth material or recycled or reprocessed waste
50	material consisting primarily of organic or earthen materials, or any combination thereof,
51	placed by mechanical means.
52	M. "Geotechnical engineer" means an engineer who is licensed as a professional
53	engineer by the state of Washington and who has at least four years of relevant
54	professional employment.
55	N. "Grade" means the elevation of the ground surface.
56	1. "Existing grade" ((is)) means the grade ((prior to)) before grading.
57	2. "Finish grade" means the final grade of the site that conforms to the approved
58	plan as required in K.C.C. 16.82.060.
59	3. "Rough grade" ((is)) means the stage at which the grade approximately
60	conforms to the approved plan as required in ((Section)) K.C.C. 16.82.060.
61	((3. "Finish grade" is the final grade of the site which conforms to the approved
62	plan as required in Section 16.82.060.))

53	$((N_{-}))$ O. "Grading" $((is))$ means any excavating, filling $((s))$ or removing of the
54	duff layer, or combination thereof.
55	((O.)) P. "Grading and clearing permit" means the permit required by this chapter
56	for grading and clearing activities, including temporary permits.
57	((P-)) Q. "Reclamation" means the final grading and $((land))$ restoration of a site
58	to establish the vegetative cover, soil, surface water and groundwater conditions
59	appropriate to accommodate and sustain all permitted uses of the proposed zone
70	appropriate for the site.
71	$((Q_{-}))$ <u>R.</u> "Shorelines" means those lands defined as shorelines in the state
72	Shorelines Management Act of 1971.
73	((R.)) <u>S.</u> "Site" ((is any)) means a single lot or ((parcel of land)) two or more
74	contiguous ((combination thereof where projects covered by this chapter are performed
75	or permitted where a public street or way may intervene)) lots that are under common
76	ownership or documented legal control, used as a single parcel for a development
77	proposal in order to calculate compliance with the standards and regulations of this
78	chapter. For purposes of this definition:
79	1. "Documented legal control" includes fee simple or leasehold rights, or an
30	easement retained at the time of transfer over lands previously owned by the holder of the
31	easement, or any combination thereof, which allows uses associated with the overall
32	development proposal; and
33	2. Lots that are separated only by a public road right-of-way shall be considered
34	to be contiguous.

85	$((S_{-}))$ <u>T.</u> "Slope" $((is))$ means an inclined ground surface, the inclination of which
86	is expressed as a ratio of ((vertical distance to)) horizontal distance to vertical distance.
87	((T. "Soil engineer" means a person who has earned a degree in geology from an
88	accredited college or university, or a person who has equivalent educational training and
89	has experience as a practicing geologist.))
90	U. "Structural engineer" means an engineer who is licensed as a professional
91	engineer in the branch of structural engineering by the state of Washington.
92	\underline{V} . "Structure" ((is)) means that which is built or constructed, an edifice or
93	building of any kind((5)) or any piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts
94	jointed together in some definite manner.
95	((V. "Terrace" is a relatively level step excavated or constructed on the face of a
96	graded slope surface for drainage and maintenance purposes.
97	W. "Tidelands" means that portion of the land which is covered and uncovered
98	by the ebb and flood tide.))
99	$((X_{-}))$ <u>W</u> . "Tree" $((is))$ <u>means</u> a large woody perennial plant usually with a single
100	main stem or trunk and generally over twelve feet tall at maturity.
101	((Y-)) X. "Understory" $((is))$ means the vegetation layer of a forest that includes
102	shrubs, herbs, grasses((5)) and grasslike plants, but excludes native trees.
103	$((Z_{-}))$ Y. "Vegetation" means any $((and all))$ organic plant life growing at,
104	below($(\frac{1}{2})$) or above the soil surface.
105	SECTION 2. Ordinance 1488, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.050 are
106	each amended as follows:
107	Clearing and grading permit required - exceptions. ((No person shall))

108	A. An activity physically altering a site, including clearing or grading activities
109	and forest practices, shall be consistent with and meet the standards in this chapter unless
110	preempted under chapter 76.09 RCW.
111	B. Unless specifically excepted under section 3 of this ordinance, a person shall
112	not do any clearing or grading without first having obtained a clearing and grading permit
113	((from)) issued by the ((director except for the following:
114	A. An on site excavation or fill for basements and footings of a building,
115	retaining wall, parking lot, or other structure authorized by a valid building permit. This
116	shall not exempt any fill made with the material from such excavation nor exempt any
117	excavation having an unsupported height greater than five feet after the completion of
118	such structure;
119	B. The depositing or covering of any garbage, rubbish or other material at any
120	solid waste facility operated by King County;
121	C. Maintenance of existing driveways or private access roads within their
122	existing road prisms, provided that the performance and restoration requirements of this
123	chapter are met and best management practices are utilized to protect water quality.
124	D. Any grading within a publicly owned road right-of-way;
125	E. Clearing or grading by a public agency for the following routine maintenance
126	activities:
127	1. Roadside ditch cleaning provided the ditch does not contain salmonids;
128	2. Pavement maintenance;
129	3. Normal grading of gravel shoulders;
130	4. Maintenance of culverts;

131	5. Maintenance of flood control or other approved surface water management
132	facilities;
133	6. Routine clearing within road right-of-way;
134	F. Any clearing or grading for roads within a preliminary or finally approved
135	residential plat which has been approved by the director and for which a financial
136	guarantee has been posted;
137	G. Maintenance or reconstruction of the facilities of a common carrier by a rail in
138	interstate commerce within its existing right-of-way; provided restoration is consistent
139	with K.C.C. 16.82.110; provided that this exception does not apply if the clearing or
140	grading is within a sensitive area as regulated in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24;
141	H. Cemetery graves; provided that this exception does not apply except for
142	routine maintenance if the clearing or grading is within a sensitive area as regulated in
143	K.C.C. chapter 21A.24;
144	I. Clearing or grading within a preliminarily or finally approved residential plat
145	not involving any excavation exceeding five feet in vertical depth or any fill exceeding
146	three feet in vertical depth, regardless of the amount of material to be removed; provided
147	that this exception does not apply if the clearing or grading is within a sensitive area as
148	regulated in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24 or an area placed into tracts or easements pursuant to
149	K.C.C. 21A.12.030. This exception does not apply within an area placed into tracts or
150	easements for a wildlife habitat corridor pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 unless the
151	proposed activity is otherwise exempt under K.C.C. chapter 21A.24;
152	J. Excavation less than five feet in vertical depth not involving more than one
153	hundred cubic yards of earth or other material on a single site; provided that the

exception does not apply if the clearing or grading is within a sensitive area as regulated
in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24 or an area placed into tracts or easements pursuant to K.C.C.
21A.12.030. This exception does not apply within an area placed into tracts or easements
for a wildlife habitat corridor pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 unless the proposed
activity is otherwise exempt under K.C.C. chapter 21A.24;

K. Fill less than three feet in vertical depth not involving more than one hundred cubic yards of earth or other material on a single site; provided that the exception does not apply if the clearing or grading is within a sensitive area as regulated in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24 or an area placed into tracts or easements pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.12.030. This exception does not apply within an area placed into tracts or easements for a wildlife habitat corridor pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 unless the proposed activity is otherwise exempt under K.C.C. chapter 21A.24;

L. Minor stream restoration projects for fish habitat enhancement by a public agency, utility or tribe as set out in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24.

M. Clearing or grading for construction of livestock manure storage facilities or associated nonpoint source pollution facilities designed to the standards of and approved in a conservation plan by the King County conservation district, and constructed and maintained to those standards or livestock flood sanctuaries constructed and maintained to the standards approved by the Soil Conservation Service and conservation district and the best management practices approved by King County;

N. Clearing and grading, performed as Class I, II, III or IV Special forest practice in the F (Forestry) zone, that is conducted in accordance with chapter 76.09 RCW and chapter 222 WAC;

177	O. Any clearing or grading which has been approved by the director as part of a
178	Commercial Site Development permit and for which a financial guarantee has been
179	posted;
180	P. Clearing outside of sensitive areas and buffers as regulated in K.C.C. chapter
181	21A.24 unless the development proposal site is within an area subject to clearing
182	restrictions contained in: K.C.C. 16.82.150, wildlife habitat corridors pursuant to K.C.C.
183	chapter 21A.14, critical drainage areas established by administrative rule or property-
184	specific development standards pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.38;
185	Q. Within sensitive areas, as regulated in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, the following
186	activities are exempt from the clearing requirements of this chapter and no permit shall be
187	required:
188	1. Normal and routine maintenance of existing lawns and landscaping subject to
189	the limitations on the use of pesticides in sensitive areas as set out in K.C.C. chapter
190	21A.24.
191	2. Permitted agricultural uses; provided the clearing is consistent with the
192	agricultural exemptions in sensitive areas as regulated in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24.
193	3. Emergency tree removal to prevent imminent danger or hazard to persons or
194	property.
195	4. Normal and routine horticultural activities associated with commercial
196	orchards, nurseries, or Christmas tree farms in existence on November 27, 1990, subject
197	to the limitations on the use of pesticides in sensitive areas as set out in K.C.C. chapter
198	21A.24. This does not include clearing or grading in order to develop or expand such
199	activities.

200	5. Normal and routine maintenance of existing public parks trail easements
201	dedicated in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.14.360 through 21A.14.390, and private and
202	public golf courses. This does not include clearing or grading in order to develop or
203	expand such activities in sensitive areas. For the purpose of this subsection, a park is
204	defined as: any real property managed for public use which has been previously
205	maintained as a park or has been developed as a park pursuant to a properly issued
206	permit.
207	6. Removal of noxious weeds from steep slope hazard areas and the buffers of
208	streams and wetlands subject to the limitations on the use of pesticides in sensitive areas
209	as set out in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24.
210	7. Pruning and limbing of vegetation for maintenance of above ground electrical
211	and telecommunication facilities; provided that the clearing is consistent with the electric
212	natural gas, cable communication and telephone utility exemption in sensitive areas as
213	regulated in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24.
214	8. Class II, III and IV Special forest practices outside of areas zoned F provided
215	they occur on parcels that meet all of the following criteria for long term forestry:
216	a. The parcel is enrolled under the current use taxation program as timber land
217	pursuant to chapter 84.34 RCW or as forest land pursuant to chapter 84.33 RCW;
218	b. A long term management plan is approved for the parcel by the Washington
219	Department of Natural Resources;
220	c. The parcel is located within areas designated rural or agricultural by the
221	King County Comprehensive Plan or applicable community plan;
222	d. The parcel is located outside of expansion areas for incorporated rural cities

or rural towns and neighborhoods as designated in King County Comprehensive Plan or applicable community plans;

e. The parcel equals or exceeds five acres in size;

R. Clearing within seismic hazard area, except on slopes greater than fifteen percent and subject to clearing restrictions contained in: K.C.C. 16.82.150, wildlife habitat corridors pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.14, critical drainage areas established by administrative rule or property specific development standards pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.38; and provided the site contains no other sensitive area features; and

S. Clearing within coal mine hazard area, subject to clearing restrictions contained in: K.C.C. 16.82.150, wildlife habitat corridors pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.14, critical drainage areas established by administrative rule or property specific development standards pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.38; and provided the site contains no other sensitive areas features.

T. Normal and routine maintenance of trail easements dedicated in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.14.360 through 21A.14.390)) department or having all clearing and grading reviewed and approved by the department as part of another development proposal. A separate permit shall be required for each site unless the activity is approved to occur on multiple sites under a programmatic permit issued in accordance with section 4 of this ordinance.

C. The permits or approvals issued under this chapter shall be required regardless of permits or approvals issued by the county or any other governmental agency and do not preclude the requirement to obtain all other permits or approvals or to comply with the operating standards in sections 9 through 12 of this ordinance. Exceptions from permits

under this chapter do not preclude the requirement to obtain other permits or approvals or to comply with the operating standards in sections 9 through 12 of this ordinance.

<u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 3.</u> There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a new section to read as follows:

Clearing and grading permit exceptions.

A. For the purposes of this section, the definitions in K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 apply to the activities described in this section.

B. The following activities are excepted from the requirement of obtaining a clearing or grading permit before undertaking forest practices or clearing or grading activities, as long as those activities conducted in critical areas are in compliance with the standards in this section and in Ordinance 15051, Section 132 (allowed alterations). In cases where an activity may be included in more than one activity category, the most-specific description of the activity shall govern whether a permit is required. For activities involving more than one critical area, compliance with the conditions applicable to each area is required. Clearing and grading permits are required when a cell in this table is empty and for activities not listed on the table.

KEY																					
"NP" in a cell means	0		С	Е	F	С		L		S	V	S		С		W		Α		W	
no permit required	U	Α	0	R	L	Н	М	Α	Α	Е	0	Т	Н	R	R	Е	В	Q	Α	ı	Α
if conditions are met.	Т	R	Α	0	0	Α	I	N	N	1	L	Е	Α	I	Е	Т	U	U	N	L	N
A number in a cell		Ε	L	S	0	N	G	D	D	S	С	Е	Z	Т	С	L	F	Α	D	D	D
means the	0	Α		1	D	N	R	s		М	Α	Р	Α	I	Н	Α	F	Т		L	
numbered condition	F		М	0		Е	Α	L	В	1	N		R	С	Α	N	Е	ı	В	1	N
in subsection C.		Α	1	N	Н	L	Т	ı	U	С	1	s	D	Α	R	D	R	С	U	F	Е
applies.	С	N	N		Α		ı	D	F		С	L		L	G	s			F	Е	Т
"Wildlife area	R	D	Е	Н	Z		0	Е	F	Н		0	&		Е			Α	F		W
and network" column	I			Α	Α		Ν		Е	Α	Н	Р		Α		Α		R	E	Α	0

		- 1			1	l 5					1		l
applies to both Wildlife		ВН	Z	R		H R	Z	Α	ЕВ	Q A	N	E R	R R
Habitat Conservation	I	U A	Α	D		Α	Α	Z	U	U R	D	Α	E K
Area and Wildlife	С	F Z	R			Z	R	Α	F	I E			Α
Habitat Network	Α	F A	D			Α	D	R	F	F A			
	L	E R				R		D	Е	Е			
		R D				D			R	R			
ACTIVITY													
	1												
Grading and Clearing													
Grading	NP	NP	NP				NP	NP		NP			
	1, 2	1, 2	1, 2				1, 2	1, 2		1, 2			
Clearing	NP:	3 NP 3	NP 3	NP 3			NP 3	NP 3		NP 3	NP 4	NP 4	
	NP										NP	NP	
	24										23	23	
Covering of garbage	NP :	5 NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5
Emergency tree removal	NP (NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6
Removal of noxious	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
weeds													
Removal of invasive	NP :	7 NP 7	NP 7	NP 7	NP 7		NP 7	NP 7		NP 7	NP 8	NP 8	NP 8
vegetation													
Non conversion Class I, II,	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9
III, IV-S forest practice													
Emergency action	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Roads													
Grading within the	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP			NP
roadway	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11			11
Clearing within the	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
roadway		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12		12	12	12
Maintenance of driveway	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
or private access road	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
	l		1	<u> </u>	1								

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Maintenance of bridge or	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
culvert	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,
	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,
	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Construction of farm field	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
access drive	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Maintenance of farm field	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
access drive	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Utilities													
Construction or	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
maintenance of utility	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	18	19	19	19
corridors or facility within													
the right-of-way													
Construction or	NP		NP				NP	NP		NP			
maintenance of utility	1, 2,		1, 2,				1, 2,	1, 2,		1, 2,			
corridors or facility outside	3		3				3	3		3			
of the right-of-way													
Maintenance of existing	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
surface water conveyance	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
system													
Maintenance of existing	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
surface water flow control	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
and surface water quality													
treatment facility													
Maintenance or repair of	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
flood protection facility	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Maintenance or repair of	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
existing instream structure											11	11	
Recreation areas													

Maintenance of outdoor	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
public park facility, trail or	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
publicly improved													
recreation area													
Habitat and science													
projects													
Habitat restoration or	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
enhancement project		21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21		21	21	21
Drilling and testing for	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
critical areas report	1, 2	1, 2	1, 2	22	22	22	1, 2	1, 2	22	1, 2	22	22	22
Agriculture													
Horticulture activity	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
including tilling, discing,													
planting, seeding,													
harvesting, preparing soil,													
rotating crops and related													
activity													
Grazing livestock	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
Construction and	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP		NP	NP		NP	NP	NP	
maintence of livestock	16	16	16	16	16		16	16		16	16	16	
manure storage facility													
Maintenance of	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
agricultural drainage	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Maintenance of farm	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
pond, fish pond, livestock	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
watering pond													
Other													
Excavation of cemetery	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
grave in established and													
approved cemetery													

Maintenance of cemetery	NP												
grave		13	13		13	13			13		13	13	13
Maintenance of lawn,	NP												
landscaping and		13	13		13	13			13		13	13	13
gardening for personal													
consumption													
Maintenance of golf	NP												
course	13	13	13	13	13	13			13	13	13	13	13

C. The following conditions apply:

1. Excavation less than five feet in vertical depth, or fill less than three feet in vertical depth that, cumulatively over time, does not involve more than one hundred cubic yards on a single site.

2. Grading that produces less than two thousand square feet of new impervious surface on a single site added after the effective date of this section. For purposes of this subsection C.2., "new impervious surface" is defined in K.C.C. 9.04.020.

3. Cumulative clearing of less than seven thousand square feet including, but not limited to, collection of firewood and removal of vegetation for fire safety. This exception shall not apply to development proposals:

a. regulated as a Class IV forest practice under chapter 76.09 RCW;

b. in a critical drainage areas established by administrative rules;

c. subject to clearing limits included in property-specific development standards and special district overlays under K.C.C. chapter 21A.38; or

d. subject to urban growth area significant tree retention standards under section 17 of this ordinance and K.C.C. 21A.38.230.

278	4. Cutting firewood for personal use in accordance with a forest management
279	plan or rural stewardship plan approved under K.C.C. Title 21A. For the purpose of this
280	condition, personal use shall not include the sale or other commercial use of the firewood.
281	5. Limited to material at any solid waste facility operated by King County.
282	6. Allowed to prevent imminent danger to persons or structures.
283	7. Cumulative clearing of less than seven thousand square feet annually or
284	conducted in accordance with an approved farm management plan, forest management
285	plan or rural stewardship plan.
286	8. Cumulative clearing of less than seven thousand square feet and either:
287	a. conducted in accordance with a farm management plan, forest management
288	plan or a rural stewardship plan; or
289	b. limited to removal with hand labor.
290	9. Class I, II, III or IV forest practices as defined in chapter 76.09 RCW and
291	Title 222 WAC.
292	10. If done in compliance with section 6 of this ordinance
293	11. Only when conducted by or at the direction of a government agency in
294	accordance with the regional road maintenance guidelines and K.C.C. 9.04.050 and is not
295	within or does not directly discharge to an aquatic area or wetland.
296	12. Limited to clearing conducted by or at the direction of a government agency
297	or by a private utility that does not involve:
298	a. slope stabilization or vegetation removal on slopes; or
299	b. ditches that are used by salmonids.
300	13. In conjunction with normal and routine maintenance activities, if:

301	a. there is no alteration of a ditch or aquatic area that is used by salmonids:
302	b. the structure, condition or site maintained was constructed or created in
303	accordance with law; and
304	c. the maintenance does not expand the roadway, lawn, landscaping, ditch,
305	culvert or other improved area being maintained.
306	14. If a culvert is used by salmonids or conveys water used by salmonids and
307	there is no adopted farm management plan, the maintenance is limited to removal of
308	sediment and debris from the culvert and its inlet, invert and outlet and the stabilization
309	of the area within three feet of the culvert where the maintenance disturbed or damaged
310	the bank or bed and does not involve the excavation of a new sediment trap adjacent to
311	the inlet.
312	15. If used by salmonids, only in compliance with an adopted farm plan in
313	accordance with K.C.C. Title 21A and only if the maintenance activity is inspected by:
314	a. The King Conservation District;
315	b. King County department of natural resources and parks;
316	c. King County department of development and environmental services; or
317	d. Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife.
318	16. Only if consistent with an adopted farm plan in accordance with K.C.C.
319	Title 21A.
320	17. Only if:
321	a. consistent with a farm plan in accordance with K.C.C. Title 21A; or
322	b. conducted in accordance with best management practices in the Natural
323	Resource Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide.

324	18. In accordance with a franchise permit.
325	19. Only within the roadway in accordance with a franchise permit.
326	20. Allowed if:
327	a. conducted by a public agency;
328	b. there is no linear extension of the facility from the existing conditions;
329	c. there is no waterward extension of the facility from the existing conditions;
330	d. done in accordance with the Regional Road Maintenance Guidelines;
331	e. done in accordance with the adopted King County Flood Hazard Reduction
332	Plan and Washington state Integrated Stream Protection Guidelines; and
333	f. monitoring is conducted for three years following maintenance or repair and
334	an annual report is submitted to the department.
335	21. Only if:
336	a. the activity is not part of a mitigation plan associated with another
337	development proposal or is not corrective action associated with a violation; and
338	b. the activity is sponsored or co-sponsored by a public agency that has natural
339	resource management as its primary function or a federally-recognized tribe, and the
340	activity is limited to:
341	(1) revegetation of the critical area and its buffer with native vegetation or the
342	removal of noxious weeds or invasive vegetation;
343	(2) placement of weirs, log controls, spawning gravel, woody debris and
344	other specific salmonid habitat improvements;
345	(3) hand labor except:

346	(a) the use of riding mower or light mechanical cultivating equipment and
347	herbicides or biological control methods when prescribed by the King County noxious
348	weed control board for the removal of noxious weeds or invasive vegetation; or
349	(b) the use of helicopters or cranes if they have no contact with or otherwise
350	disturb the critical area or its buffer.
351	22. If done with hand equipment and does not involve any clearing.
352	23. Limited to removal of vegetation for forest fire prevention purposes in
353	accordance with best management practices approved by the King County fire marshal.
354	24. Limited to the removal of downed trees.
355	NEW SECTION. SECTION 4. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a
356	new section to read as follows:
357	Programmatic permits. The department may issue programmatic clearing and
358	grading permits as follows:
359	
	A. For any clearing or grading, excluding mineral extraction:
360	A. For any clearing or grading, excluding mineral extraction: 1. That is repetitive and part of a maintenance program or other similar
360 361	
	1. That is repetitive and part of a maintenance program or other similar
361	1. That is repetitive and part of a maintenance program or other similar program;
361 362	 That is repetitive and part of a maintenance program or other similar program; That has the same or similar identifiable impacts, as determined by the
361362363	 That is repetitive and part of a maintenance program or other similar program; That has the same or similar identifiable impacts, as determined by the department, each time the activity is repeated at all sites covered by the permit; and
361362363364	 That is repetitive and part of a maintenance program or other similar program; That has the same or similar identifiable impacts, as determined by the department, each time the activity is repeated at all sites covered by the permit; and For which standard permit conditions suitable to any and all sites can be

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368	C. The department shall uniformly apply conditions to each activity authorized
369	under the programmatic permit at all locations covered by the permit. The department
370	may require that the applicant develop and propose such uniformly applicable permit
371	conditions as part of the permit application and may approve, modify or reject any of the
372	applicant's proposed conditions. The department shall not issue a programmatic permit
373	until applicable permit conditions are developed and approved;
374	D. Activities authorized under a programmatic clearing and grading permit shall
375	be subject to inspection by the department. The applicant may be required to notify the
376	department each time work subject to the permit is undertaken for the department to
377	schedule inspections. In addition, the department may require the applicant to submit
378	periodic status reports. The frequency, method and contents of the notifications and
379	reports shall be specified as conditions to the programmatic permit; and
380	E. The department may require permit revision, impose new permit conditions or
381	otherwise modify the programmatic permit or withdraw the permit and require that the
382	applicant apply for a standard clearing and grading permit, if the department determines
383	that the:
384	1. Programmatic clearing and grading permit or activities authorized under the

- 1. Programmatic clearing and grading permit or activities authorized under the permit no longer comply with law;
- 2. Programmatic clearing and grading permit does not provide adequate regulation of the activity;
- 3. Permit conditions or the manner in which the conditions are implemented are not adequate to protect against the impacts resulting from the activity; or
 - 4. Site requires site-specific regulation.

391	SECTION 5. Ordinance 1488, Section 7, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.060 are
392	each hereby amended to read as follows:
393	Permit application requirements. ((Except as exempted in K.C.C. 16.82.050, no
394	person shall do any clearing or grading without first obtaining a clearing and grading
395	permit from the director. A separate permit shall be required for each site and may cover
396	both excavations and fills.))
397	A. ((Application.)) To obtain a permit, the applicant shall first file an application
398	((therefor)) in writing on a form ((furnished for that purpose. The director shall prescribe
399	the form by which application is made. No application shall be accepted unless it is
400	completed consistent with the requirements of this chapter and the permit process and
401	procedures chapter of K.C.C. Title 20.) prescribed by the department that, ((I))in addition
402	to the requirements of K.C.C. 20.20.040, ((every application)) shall include, at a minimum:
403	1. ((Identify and describe the work to be covered by the permit for which
404	application is made;
405	2. Describe the land on which the proposed work is to be done, by lot, block,
406	tract and house and street address, or similar description that will readily identify and
407	definitely locate the proposed site;
408	3. Identify and describe those sensitive areas as defined in K.C.C. 21A.24 on or
409	adjacent to the site;
410	4. Indicate the estimated quantities of work involved;
411	5. Identify any clearing restrictions contained in K.C.C. 16.82.150 wildlife habitat
412	corridors pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.14, critical drainage areas established by

413	administrative rule or property specific development standards pursuant to K.C.C. chapter
414	21A.38;
415	6. Be accompanied by)) Identification and description of the work to be covered
416	by the permit for which application is made;
417	2. An estimate of the quantities of work involved by volume and the total area
418	cleared or graded as a percentage of the total site area;
419	3. An identification and description of:
420	a. all critical areas on the site or visible from the boundaries of the site; and
421	b. all clearing restrictions applicable to the site in K.C.C. 16.82.150, critical
422	drainage areas requirements established by administrative rules or property-specific
423	development standards and special district overlays under K.C.C. chapter 21A.38;
424	4. Location of any open space tracts or conservation easements if required under:
425	a. section 15 of this ordinance;
426	b. K.C.C. chapter 21A.14;
427	c. K.C.C. chapter 21A.37;
428	d. critical drainage areas; or
429	e. property-specific development standards or special district overlays under
430	K.C.C. chapter 21A.38;
431	5. ((p))Plans and specifications ((as required in subsections B. and C.
432	7. Designate who the applicant is, on a form prescribed by the department, except
433	that the application may be accepted and reviewed without meeting this requirement when
434	a public agency or public or private utility is applying for a permit for property on which

435	the agency or utility does not own an easement or right-of-way and the following three
436	requirements are met:
437	a. the name of the agency or public or private utility is shown on the application
438	as the applicant;
439	b. the agency or public or private utility includes in the complete application an
440	affidavit declaring that notice of the pending application has been given to all owners of
441	property to which the application applies, on a form provided by the department; and
442	c. the form designating the applicant is submitted to the department prior to
443	permit issuance; and
444	8 Give such other information as may be required by the director.)) that, at a
445	minimum, include:
446	a. property boundaries, easements and setbacks;
447	b. a 1:2000 scale vicinity map with a north arrow;
448	c. horizontal and vertical scale;
449	d. size and location of existing improvements on and within fifty feet of the
450	project, indicating which will remain and which will be removed;
451	e. location of all proposed cleared areas;
452	f. existing and proposed contours at maximum five foot intervals, and
453	extending for one hundred feet beyond the project edge;
454	g. at least two cross sections, one in each direction, showing existing and
455	proposed contours and horizontal and vertical scales; and
456	h. a proposed erosion and sediment control plan as required by section 9 of this
457	ordinance.

458	B. ((Plans and specifications. When required by the director, each application for
459	grading permit shall be accompanied by six sets of plans and specifications and other
460	supporting data as may be required. The plans and specifications shall be prepared and
461	signed by a civil engineer or landscape architect registered to practice in the state of
462	Washington when required by the director; provided, the director may require additional
463	studies prepared by a qualified soils specialist. If the plans and specifications are returned
464	as a result of permit denial or any other reason, they shall be returned to the applicant.
465	C. Information on plans and specifications. Plans shall be drawn to an engineer's
466	scale upon substantial paper or cloth and shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the nature
467	and extent of the work proposed and show in detail that they will conform to the provisions
468	of this chapter and all other relevant laws, rules, regulations and standards. The first sheet
469	of each set of plans shall give the location of the work and the name and address of the
470	owner and the person by whom they were prepared. The plans shall include the following
471	minimum information:)) Materials in addition to those required in subsection A. of this
472	section may be necessary for the department to complete the review. The following
473	materials shall be submitted when required by the department:
474	1. ((General vicinity of the proposed site;
475	2. Property limits and accurate contours of existing ground and details of terrain
476	and area drainage;
477	3. L)) Higher accuracy contours and more details of existing terrain and area
478	drainage, ((L))limiting dimensions, elevations or finished contours to be achieved by the

((4. Location of all proposed cleared areas;

grading, and proposed drainage channels and related construction;

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481	5 Location of any open space tracts or conservation easements if required
482	pursuant to:
483	a. K.C.C. 16.82.150,
484	b. K.C.C. chapter 21A.14,
485	c. critical drainage areas, or
486	d. property specific development standards pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.38;
487	6. Calculations of the total proposed area cleared on site as a percentage of the
488	total site area;
489	7. Detailed plans of all surface and subsurface drainage devices, walls, cribbing,
490	dams, berms, settling ponds and other protective devices to be constructed with or as a part
491	of the proposed work, together with the maps showing the drainage area and the estimated
492	runoff of the area served by any drains;
493	8. A determination of whether drainage review applies to the project pursuant to
494	K.C.C. chapter 9.04 and,)) $\underline{2}$. ((i))If applicable, all drainage plans and documentation
495	consistent with the King County Surface Water Design Manual ((requirements));
496	((9. Location of any buildings or structures on the property where the work is to
497	be performed and the location of any buildings or structures on land of adjacent owners
498	which are within fifty feet of the property or which may be affected by the proposed
499	grading operations;
500	10. Landscape and rehabilitation)) 3. Restoration plan ((as)) if required ((by))
501	<u>under</u> K.C.C. 16.82.110; <u>and</u>

502	((11. Other information as may be required by the director)) 4. Studies prepared
503	by qualified specialists, as necessary to substantiate any submitted materials and
504	compliance with this chapter or other law, particularly((; and
505	12. If the)) if clearing or grading is proposed to take place in or adjacent to a
506	((sensitive)) critical area((as regulated in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, provide information as
507	required by that chapter)).
508	((D. Granting of permits.
509	1. The director shall determine if the proposed grading will adversely affect the
510	character of the site for present lawful uses or with the future development of the site and
511	adjacent properties for building or other purposes as indicated by the comprehensive
512	plan, the shoreline master program, and the zoning code.
513	2. After an application has been filed and reviewed, the director shall also
514	ascertain whether such grading work complies with the other provisions of this chapter.
515	If the application and plans so comply, or if they are corrected or amended so as to
516	comply, the director may issue to the applicant a grading permit. A grading permit shall
517	be valid for the number of days stated in the permit but in no case shall the period be
518	more than two years; provided, that when operating conditions have been met, the permit
519	may be renewed every two years, or less if a shorter approval and/or renewal period is
520	specified by the director.
521	3. No grading permit shall be issued until approved by federal, state and local
522	agencies having jurisdiction by laws or regulations.
523	4. Upon approval of the application and issuance of the grading permit, no work
524	shall be done that is not provided for in the permit. The director is authorized to inspect

525	the premises at any reasonable time to determine if the work is in accordance with the
526	permit application and plans.
527	5. The permits from the director shall be required regardless of any permits
528	issued by any other department of county government or any other governmental agency
529	who may be interested in certain aspects of the proposed work. Where work for which a
530	permit is required by this chapter is started or proceeded with prior to obtaining the
531	permit, the violator shall be subject to such civil penalties as provided in K.C.C. chapter
532	23.04. However, the payment of such civil penalties shall not relieve any persons from
533	fully complying with the requirements of this chapter in the execution of the work nor
534	from any other penalties prescribed thereon.))
535	C. Plans and specifications shall be prepared and signed by a civil engineer if they
536	are prepared in conjunction with the proposed construction or placement of a structure,
537	include permanent drainage facilities or, if required by the department, propose alterations
538	in steep slope or landslide hazard areas.
539	D. The department shall determine the number of copies of the required plans,
540	specifications and supporting materials necessary to expedite review and may require
541	submittal of materials in alternative formats.
542	E. The director may waive specific submittal requirements if they are determined
543	to be unnecessary for the acceptance and subsequent review of an application.
544	F. Any plans, specifications or supporting materials that are returned as a result of
545	permit denial or any other reason shall be returned to the applicant.
546	NEW SECTION. SECTION 6. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a
547	new section to read as follows:

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548	Emergency actions. Unless otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, an
549	action that does not comply with this chapter and taken in response to an emergency will
550	not be considered a violation if the following steps are taken:
551	A. The department is notified before the activity is undertaken, or, if prior
552	notification is not possible, not later than forty-eight hours after the action. Within forty-
553	eight hours of receiving the emergency notification, excluding weekends and holidays,
554	the department shall schedule a preapplication meeting to occur within the following
555	thirty days. Tribal notice, when required by K.C.C. 21A.01.025, shall also be provided;
556	B. The department shall confirms in a written decision, that the activity was an
557	emergency action, including that:
558	1. There was imminent danger or risk to the public health, safety and welfare or
559	to persons or property;
560	2. The emergency was unanticipated and not caused by the inaction or action of
561	the applicant;
562	3. Immediate emergency action was necessary; and
563	4. The emergency action was in direct response to and did not exceed the
564	dangers and risks posed by the emergency;
565	C. At the preapplication meeting, the department shall establish the date by
566	which all required permit applications and other materials or information, including any
567	critical area reports, shall be submitted;

D. Corrective action, as determined by the department, shall be completed in

compliance with the corrective action requirements of K.C.C. chapter 21A.24 for any

alterations made during the emergency that are not in compliance with this chapter or other law; and

E. Mitigation, as determined by the department, shall be completed in compliance with the mitigation requirements of K.C.C. chapter 21A.24.

<u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 7.</u> There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a new section to read as follows:

Permit review and final decision.

- A. The department shall review permit applications and may impose conditions on permit approval as needed to mitigate identified project impacts and shall deny applications that are inconsistent with this chapter and any other applicable regulations. For permit applications that are within a shoreline of the state or require a shoreline management substantial development permit, the conditions necessary to comply with the King County shoreline management program, including but not limited to, the shoreline management substantial development permit conditions, shall be incorporated into the conditions of any permit issued under this chapter and shall be subject to the inspection and enforcement procedures authorized under this chapter and K.C.C. Title 23.
- B. Consistent with permit process and procedures provisions of K.C.C. chapter 20.20, including public notice procedures, the department shall review and provide a final decision to approve, condition or deny permits based on compliance with this title and any other applicable regulations.
- C. Any decision to approve, condition or deny a development proposal based on this title and any other applicable regulations may be appealed according to and as part of

the appeal procedure for the permit or approval involved as provided in K.C.C. 20.20.020.

<u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 8.</u> There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a new section to read as follows:

Permit duration and renewal.

A. A clearing and grading permit shall be valid for the number of days stated in the permit but the period shall not be more than two years, except in the case of a programmatic permit which may have a duration of up to five years. A permit shall not remain valid after the permitted activity has been completed, the site has been permanently stabilized and all required mitigation or restoration has been completed, monitored and accepted.

- B. If the department determines that operating conditions and performance standards have been met and that the permit conditions are adequate to protect against the impacts resulting from the permitted activity, the permit may be renewed in two-year increments or five-year increments for a programmatic permit, or less if a shorter approval or renewal period is specified by the department. The additional requirements applicable to renewal of programmatic permits in section 4 of this ordinance also apply.
- C. If the department determines that activities regulated under a permit issued for mineral extraction in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.22 does not comply with permit conditions or operating standards during a renewal review, it may conduct a periodic review.

<u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 9.</u> There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a new section to read as follows:

Erosion and sediment control standards – seasonal limitation period.

A. A person who clears, grades or otherwise disturbs a site shall provide erosion and sediment control that prevents, to the maximum extent practicable, the transport of sediment from the site to drainage facilities, water resources and adjacent properties. Erosion and sediment controls shall be applied as specified by the temporary erosion and sediment control measures and performance criteria and implementation requirements in the King County Surface Water Design Manual adopted in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 9.04.

- B. From October 1 through April 30, which is the seasonal limitation period, clearing and grading shall only be permitted if shown to the satisfaction of the director that runoff leaving the construction site will comply with the erosion and sediment control measures and performance criteria and implementation requirements in the King County Surface Water Design Manual adopted in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 9.04 through a combination of the following:
- Site conditions including vegetative coverage, slope, soil type and proximity to receiving waters;
 - 2. Proposed limitations on activities and the extent of disturbed areas; and
 - 3. Proposed erosion and sedimentation control measures.
- C. Based on the information provided under subsection A. of this section, the director may expand or restrict the seasonal limitations on site disturbance. The director shall set forth in writing the basis for approval or denial of clearing or grading during the seasonal limitation period.

D. During the seasonal limitation period, clearing and grading will be allowed
only if there is installation and maintenance of an erosion and sedimentation control plan
approved by the department that defines any limits on clearing and grading or specific
erosion and sediment control measures required during the seasonal limitation period.
The department may require or approve alternate best management practices.

E. If, during the course of construction activity or soil disturbance during the seasonal limitation period, silt-laden runoff violating standards in the King County Surface Water Design Manual leaves the construction site or if clearing and grading limits or erosion and sediment control measures shown in the approved plan are not maintained, a citation and stop work order shall be issued in accordance with K.C.C. chapters 23.20 and 23.28, respectively.

F. If the erosion and sediment control problem defined in the citation or stop work order is not adequately repaired within twenty-four hours of issuance, then a notice and order may be issued in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 23.24 to install adequate erosion and sediment control measures to stop silt-laden runoff from leaving the site. The notice and order may also require the property owner to discontinue any further clearing or grading, except for erosion and sediment control maintenance and repair, until the following April 30.

- G. The following activities are exempt from the seasonal limitations of this section:
- 1. Routine maintenance and necessary repair of erosion and sediment control facilities;

659	2. Routine maintenance of public facilities or existing utility structures that do
660	not expose the soil or result in removal of the vegetative cover to the soil;
661	3. Activities where there is one hundred percent infiltration of surface water
662	runoff within the site in approved and installed erosion and sedimentation control
663	facilities;
664	4. Typical landscaping activities of existing single family residences that do not
665	require a permit;
666	5. Class I, II III and IV special forest practices in accordance with chapter 76.09
667	RCW;
668	6. Mineral extraction activities on sites with approved permits; and
669	7. Response to emergencies that threaten the public health, safety or welfare,
670	consistent with section 6 of this ordinance.
671	SECTION 10. Ordinance 1488, Section 11, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.100 are
672	each hereby amended to read as follows:
673	$((\textcolor{red}{\textbf{Operating conditions and}})) \ \underline{\textbf{Grading}} \ \textbf{standards} \ ((\textcolor{red}{\textbf{of performance}})).$
674	((A. Any)) A person conducting a grading activity ((that will clear, grade or
675	otherwise disturb the site, whether requiring a clearing or grading permit or not,)) shall
676	((provide erosion and sediment control (ESC) that prevents, to the maximum extent
677	possible, the transport of sediment from the site to drainage facilities, water resources and
678	adjacent properties. Erosion and sediment controls shall be applied as specified by the
679	temporary ESC measures and performance criteria and implementation requirements in
680	the King County erosion and sediment control standards. Activities performed as Class I,

681	II, III or IV Special forest practices shall apply erosion and sediment controls in
682	accordance with chapter 76.09 RCW and Title 222 WAC.
683	B.)) comply with the following standards:
684	A. Cuts and fills shall conform to the following provisions unless otherwise
685	approved by the ((director.)) department:
686	1. $((Slope. No))$ \underline{A} slope of cut and fill surfaces shall \underline{not} be steeper than is safe
687	for both the intended use and soil type and shall not exceed two horizontal to one
688	vertical((, unless otherwise approved by the director.));
689	2. ((Erosion control.)) All disturbed areas including faces of cuts and fill slopes
690	shall be prepared and maintained to control erosion in compliance with ((subsection A.))
691	section 9 of this ordinance;
692	3. ((Preparation of ground.)) The ground surface shall be prepared to receive
693	fill by removing unsuitable material such as concrete slabs, tree stumps, brush, ((and)) car
694	bodies and other materials as determined by the department((-));
695	4. ((Fill material.)) Except in an approved sanitary landfill or as part of
696	engineered fill, ((only earth materials which have no rock or similar irreducible material
697	with a maximum dimension greater than eighteen inches shall be used.)) fill material
698	shall meet the following standards:
699	a. Fill material shall consist of earthen material, organic material or recycled or
700	reprocessed materials that are not categorized as dangerous waste under Title 173 WAC
701	and that were produced originally from an earthen or organic material;
702	b. Fill material shall have a maximum dimension of less than twelve inches;

703	c. Recycled concrete shall be free of rebar and other materials that may pose a
704	safety or health hazard;
705	d. Recycled asphalt shall not be used in areas subject to exposure to seasonal
706	or continual perched ground water, in a critical aquifer recharge area or over a sole-
707	source aquifer; and
708	e. Recycled materials that have not been reprocessed to meet the definition of
709	common borrow shall be intermixed with well-graded, natural, earthen materials in
710	sufficient quantities and of a suitable size to assure filling of all voids and to assure that
711	the fill can be compacted to ninety percent of the maximum density;
712	5. ((Drainage.)) Provisions shall be made to:
713	a. prevent any surface water or seepage from damaging the cut face of any
714	excavation((s)) or the sloping face of a fill; and
715	b. $((\frac{\text{carry}}{\text{s}}))$ address any surface water $((\frac{\text{s}}{\text{s}}))$ that $((\frac{\text{are}}{\text{s}}))$ is or might be
716	concentrated as a result of a fill or excavation to a natural watercourse((, or by other
717	means approved by the department of natural resources and parks)) in accordance with
718	K.C.C. chapter 9.04 and the Surface Water Design Manual;
719	6. ((Bench/terrace.)) Benches((, if required, at least ten feet in width shall be
720	back-sloped and shall be established at not more than twenty-five feet vertical intervals to
721	control surface drainage and debris.)) and any $((S))$ swales or ditches on benches shall
722	((have a maximum gradient of five percent)) be designed in accordance with the King
723	County Surface Water Design Manual((-));
724	7. ((Access roads – maintenance.)) The tops and the toes of cut and fill slopes
725	shall be set back from property boundaries and structures as far as necessary:

726	a. for the safety of the adjacent properties;
727	b. for adequacy of foundation support;
728	c. to prevent damage resulting from water runoff or erosion of the slopes; and
729	d. to preserve the permitted uses on the adjacent properties; and
730	8. All fill shall meet the following:
731	a. fill greater than three feet in depth shall be engineered and compacted to
732	accommodate the proposed use unless a notice on title documenting the location of the
733	fill is recorded and the fill is sufficiently stable to not pose a hazard; and
734	b. any fill in the floodplain shall, from the face of the fill to a horizontal
735	distance of six feet back from the face, meet the compaction requirements for pond
736	embankments in the Surface Water Design Manual, unless determined by the department
737	that inundation is not a threat to fill integrity or that other requirements necessary for
738	compliance with the King County Guidelines for Bank Stabilization (Surface Water
739	Management 1993) are met.
740	B. Access roads to grading sites shall be:
741	$\underline{1}$. $((\underline{m}))\underline{M}$ aintained and located to the satisfaction of the King County
742	department of transportation to minimize problems of dust, mud and traffic
743	circulation((-));
744	((8. Access roads—gate. Access roads to grading sites shall be)) 2. Located
745	where the permanent access to the site is proposed in the permit application to minimize
746	site disturbance; and
747	$\underline{3.}$ ((e)) \underline{C} ontrolled by a gate when required by the (($\frac{\text{director}}{\text{director}}$)) $\underline{\text{department}}$.

748	((9. Warning signs.)) C. Signs warning of hazardous conditions, if $((such))$
749	determined by the department to exist on a particular site, shall be affixed at locations as
750	required by the ((director)) department.
751	$((10. \text{ Fencing. Fencing.})) \underline{D}. ((w))\underline{W}$ here required by the $((\text{director}))$
752	department, to protect life, limb and property, fencing shall be installed with lockable
753	gates ((which)) that must be closed and locked when not working on the site. The fence
754	((must)) shall be no less than $((five))$ six feet in height and the fence material shall have
755	no ((horizontal)) opening larger than two inches.
756	((11. Setbacks. The tops and the toes of cut and fill slopes shall be set back
757	from property boundaries as far as necessary for safety of the adjacent properties and to
758	prevent damage resulting from water runoff or erosion of the slopes.
759	The tops and the toes of cut and fill slopes shall be set back from structures as far
760	as is necessary for adequacy of foundation support and to prevent damage as a result of
761	water runoff or erosion of the slopes.
762	Slopes and setbacks shall be determined by the director.
763	12. Excavations to water producing depth. All excavations must either be made
764	to a water-producing depth or grade to permit natural drainage. The excavations made to
765	a water-producing depth shall be reclaimed in the following manner:
766	a. the depth of the excavations must not be less than two feet measured below
767	the low-water mark.
768	b. all banks shall be sloped to the water line no steeper than three feet
769	horizontal to one foot vertical.

770	c. all banks shall be sloped from the low-water line into the pond or lake with a
771	minimum slope of three feet horizontal to one foot vertical to a distance of at least
772	twenty-five feet.
773	d. in no event shall the term water-producing depth as herein used be construed
774	to allow stagnant or standing water to collect or remain in the excavation.
775	e. the intent of this provision is to allow reclamation of the land which will
776	result in the establishment of a lake of sufficient area and depth of water to be useful for
777	residential or recreational purposes.
778	13. Hours of operation. Hours of operation, unless otherwise authorized by the
779	director, shall be between seven a.m. and seven p.m.))
780	E. Rocks, dirt, mud, vegetation and any other materials used or produced on-site
781	in the course of permitted activities shall not be spilled onto or otherwise left on public
782	roadways or any off-site property not specifically authorized as a receiving site under a
783	valid permit.
784	F. The duff layer and native topsoil shall be retained in an undisturbed state to the
785	maximum extent practicable. Any duff layer or topsoil removed during grading shall be
786	stockpiled on-site in a designated, controlled area not adjacent to public resources and
787	critical areas. The material shall be reapplied to other portions of the site where feasible.
788	G.1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection G.2. of this section, areas that
789	have been cleared and graded shall have the soil moisture holding capacity restored to
790	that of the original undisturbed soil native to the site to the maximum extent practicable.
791	The soil in any area that has been compacted or that has had some or all of the duff layer
792	or underlying topsoil removed shall be amended to mitigate for lost moisture-holding

793	capacity. The amendment shall take place between May 1 and October 1. Replaced
794	topsoil shall be a minimum of eight inches thick, unless the applicant demonstrates that a
795	different thickness will provide conditions equivalent to the soil moisture holding
796	capacity native to the site. Replaced topsoil shall have an organic matter content of
797	between eight to thirteen percent dry weight and a pH suitable for the proposed landscape
798	plants.
799	2. This subsection does not apply to areas that:
800	a. Are subject to a state surface mine reclamation permit; or
801	b. At project completion are covered by an impervious surface, incorporated
802	into a drainage facility or engineered as structural fill or slope.
803	NEW SECTION. SECTION 11. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a
804	new section to read as follows:
805	Hours of operation.
806	A. Hours of operation for clearing and grading activities, unless otherwise
807	specified by the director, shall be between seven a.m. and seven p.m. Monday through
808	Saturday and between ten a.m. and five p.m. Sunday.
809	B. Before approving any variation of the hours of operation, the department of
810	development and environmental services, in consultation with the Seattle-King County
811	department of public health, shall:
812	1. Determine whether the development proposal can comply with nighttime
813	noise standards in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 12.88;
814	2. Determine whether the development proposal will cause significant adverse
815	noise effects to the community; and

the site into compliance; or

816	3. Require mitigation for any identified impacts before the department of
817	development and environmental services approves a variation in the hours of operation.
818	C. The department of development and environmental services's decision to
819	approve a variation in the hours of operation shall be in writing and shall include a
820	specific finding of compliance with the noise standards, the facts and conclusions
821	supporting that finding and any mitigation, conditions or limitations imposed. All
822	decisions made under this section shall be compiled by the department of development
823	and environmental services and made available for public inspection.
824	SECTION 12. Ordinance 1488 (part), as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.130 are each
825	hereby amended to read as follows:
826	((Enforcement. The director of the department of parks, planning and resources
827	is authorized to enforce the provisions of this chapter, the ordinances and resolutions
828	codified in it, and any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder pursuant to the
829	enforcement and penalty provisions of Title 23.)) Clearing and grading violations -
830	corrective work required.
831	A. If clearing or grading inconsistent with the purposes and requirements of this
832	chapter in effect at the time of the action has occurred on a site, ((King County)) the
833	department shall not grant any development permit((s)) or approval((s)) for the site
834	((unless)), except any permit or approval necessary for the correction of code violations,
835	until the applicant ((adequately restores)):
836	1. Completes restoration of the site or the appropriate corrective actions to bring

<u>2.</u>	Obtains d	epartmen	t approv	al of a per	mit for the	appropriate	restoration or
·		-		_			
corrective a	ction and	nosts anv	require	d financial	guarantee		

<u>B</u>. The ((director)) department shall require appropriate restoration of the site under an approved restoration or corrective work plan ((which shall include)) that includes a time schedule for compliance ((if significant resource damage has or may occur)). If restoration has not been completed within the time established by the department, the director ((shall)) may order restoration using funds from ((building and land development division)) the department's contingency accounts and seek restitution from the property owner through liens or other available legal methods.

C. This section does not limit corrective action requirements or other remedies or penalties applicable to K.C.C. Title 23.

SECTION 13. Ordinance 9614, Section 102, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.140 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

<u>Class IV-G</u> Forest Practices <u>– Six-Year Moratorium</u>.

A. ((Class IV Forest Practice.)) Under a Class IV-G forest practice, all clearing not otherwise exempted under this chapter shall be subject to ((the requirements of)) this chapter. All such clearing ((shall be)) is subject to the ((S))state Environmental Policy Act, ((RCW)) chapter 43.21C RCW, and King County shall accept or assume lead agency status. The department shall consolidate its review of the Class IV-G application ((shall be consolidated)) with ((the)) its SEPA review and its review of ((the)) associated King County development permits or approvals. ((Clearing independent of permit or approval shall require a separate clearing and grading permit pursuant to this chapter which meets any applicable clearing standards as defined by K.C.C. 16.82.150. King

861	County will also combine its SEPA review of Class IV forest practices and county
862	permits.))
863	B. Except as otherwise provided in subsections D. and E. of this section, for six
864	$\underline{\text{years after the forest practice commenced, the department shall deny a}} \; ((\underbrace{\textbf{D}})) \underline{\textbf{d}} \text{evelopment}$
865	((applications)) proposal on ((lands cleared or graded pursuant to)) a site when the
866	activity was:
867	1. A Class II, III or IV special forest practice, as defined in ((RCW)) chapter
868	76.09 <u>RCW;</u>
869	2. A nonconversion Class IV-G forest practice, as defined in K.C.C. chapter
870	21A.06; or ((which are commenced))
871	3. Undertaken without forest practices or county authorization((, shall be denied
872	for a period of six (6) years unless:)).
873	C. Subsection B. of this section applies to a development proposal for:
874	1. The subdivision of land;
875	2. The preparation or construction of a new residential or commercial structure;
876	and
877	3. Any other development proposal that is not related to ongoing forestry.
878	D. The department may approve a development proposal on a site subject to
879	subsection B. of this section if:
880	1. $((\mathfrak{t}))\underline{T}$ he applicant demonstrates that the clearing on the harvested portion of
881	the site was consistent with the Conversion Option Harvest Plan reviewed and approved
882	by King County ((pursuant to the Type I land use decision process)) and incorporated as
883	a condition of the state's forest practice permit((,)); or

384	2. ((t)) The director ((of the department of development and environmental
885	services determines special circumstances exist which should allow the landowner to be
886	released from the moratorium pursuant to notice, review and appeal process for Type 2
887	land use decisions)) determines that:
888	a. the applicant was the unknowing subject of criminal trespass, timber theft or
889	<u>fraud;</u>
890	b. the applicant has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the department that:
891	(1) those portions of the clearing not in compliance with the applicable King
892	County regulations can be fully restored to the extent that functions shall be improved
893	over those existing before the clearing; and
894	(2) the unharvested portion of the property is not required to satisfy tree
895	retention or other mitigation requirements; and
896	c. the applicant has an approved mitigation plan to restore the areas cleared
897	without complying with applicable King County regulations.
898	E. The department may approve a development proposal on the unharvested
899	portion of a site subject to subsection B. of this section if:
900	1. The applicant demonstrates that the clearing on the harvested portion of the
901	site was conducted consistent with a forest management plan approved by King County
902	and the forest management plan excluded the area proposed for development; and
903	2. The forest practice is conducted as a:
904	a. Class IV-G nonconversion forest practice, as defined in K.C.C. chapter
905	21A.06, that has been approved by the county;
906	b. Class II, III or IV-S forest practice pursuant to a Washington state

907	Department of Natural resources forest practices permit; or
908	c. Class I forest practice, as defined in chapter 76.09 RCW, only for purposes
909	of precommercial thinning and pruning.
910	F. In all cases, lifting or waiving of the six-year moratorium is subject to
911	compliance with all ((local)) county ordinances.
912	SECTION 14. Ordinance 9614, Section 103, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.150
913	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
914	Clearing standards for individual lots in the rural zone.
915	A. ((For clearing and grading permits issued under this chapter, the current
916	clearing standards contained in this section and in the following regulations shall apply.)
917	Except as otherwise provided in this section, in the RA zone the following standards
918	apply to clearing on individual lots:
919	1. For lots one and one-quarter acre or smaller:
920	a. clearing shall not exceed the greater of:
921	(1) the amount cleared before January 1, 2005, or cleared under a complete
922	clearing permit application filed before October 25, 2004, in accordance with previous
923	county regulations;
924	(2) fifty percent of the lot area; or
925	(3) seven thousand square feet.
926	b. any clearing required for the construction of access, utilities and septic
927	systems-shall not be counted towards the amount of clearing allowed under this
928	subsection;
929	2. For lots greater than one and one-quarter acres and up to fives acres in area,

930	clearing shall not exceed the greater of:
931	a. the amount legally cleared before January 1, 2005, or cleared under a
932	complete clearing permit application filed before October 25, 2004, in accordance with
933	previous county regulations; or
934	b. fifty percent of lot area;
935	3. For lots greater than fives acres, clearing shall not exceed the greater of:
936	a. the amount legally cleared before January 1, 2005, or cleared under a
937	complete clearing permit application filed before October 25, 2004, in accordance with
938	previous county regulations;
939	b. two and one-half acres, or
940	c. thirty-five percent of lot area; and
941	4. For lots greater than one and one-quarter acre in either the Bear Creek basin,
942	the Issaquah Creek basin and the May Creek basin, clearing shall not exceed the greater
943	<u>of:</u>
944	a. the amount legally cleared before January 1, 2005, or cleared under a
945	complete clearing permit application filed before October 25, 2004, in accordance with
946	previous county regulations; or
947	b. thirty-five percent of lot area;.
948	B. The standards in subsection A. of this section shall not apply if more
949	restrictive standards apply through:
950	1. The ((Sensitive)) Critical Areas Code, K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, or its adopted
951	((administrative)) public rules;
952	2. Property-specific development standards ((pursuant to)) or special district

- 3. Critical drainage area designations identified by adopted ((administrative))

 public rule((; and
 - 4. Wildlife habitat corridors pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.14)).
- ((B. Within sensitive areas designated pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, uses shall be limited to those specified in that chapter. Within any other areas subject to clearing restrictions referenced or contained in this section, the following uses are allowed under a clearing permit:
- 1. Timber harvest in accordance with a timber harvest management plan and elearing permit approved by the department of development and environmental services or a successor agency. That department shall promulgate administrative rules specifying the contents of, and the submittal requirements and approval criteria for, timber harvest management plans in consultation with the department of natural resources prior to any permit approvals for timber harvest within these tracts or easements;
- 2. Passive recreation uses and related facilities, including pedestrian, equestrian community and bicycle trails, nature viewing areas, fishing and camping areas, and other similar uses that do not require permanent structures, if either cleared areas or areas of compacted soils, or both, associated with these uses and facilities do not exceed eight percent of the area of the tract or easement. Within wildlife habitat corridors, trail widths shall be the minimum allowed under adopted trail standards and no other recreation uses shall be permitted in the one hundred fifty foot minimum width of the corridor;
- 3. Utilities and utility easements, including surface water facilities, if the uses are within or adjacent to existing road or utility easements whenever possible. Within

wildlife habitat corridors, existing or multiple utility uses within established easements shall be allowed within the one hundred fifty foot minimum width of the corridor.

Development of new utility corridors shall be allowed within wildlife habitat corridors only when multiple uses of existing easements are not feasible and the utility corridors are sited and developed using county-approved best management practices to minimize disturbance; and

- 4. Removal of either dangerous trees or damaged trees, or both.))
- C. ((For the RA (Rural Area) zoned areas in either the Bear Creek basin, the Issaquah Creek basin, the Soos Creek basin, the May Creek basin, the East Sammamish Community Planning Area or the Bear Creek Community Planning Area))
- 1. Clearing shall be limited to a maximum of thirty-five percent of the lot or plat area or the amount legally cleared prior to the effective date of any clearing regulations in effect at the time of the clearing, whichever is greater, except under conditions specified in a. through f. of this subsection C.1:
- a. clearing shall be limited to a maximum of sixty percent of the lot or plat area if the approved permit requires flow control and water quality facilities in accordance with standards set forth in the applicable adopted basin plan and the King County Surface Water Design Manual;
- b. in the Soos Creek basin, clearing shall be limited to a maximum of eighty percent of the lot or plat area, except in designated Regionally Significant Resource

 Areas where clearing shall be limited to a maximum of sixty five percent of the lot or plat area. Buffers for all sensitive areas designated under K.C.C. Title 21A and sensitive areas except for submerged lands may be counted towards meeting the requirement.

999	Building permits for single-family residential building on individual lots shall be exempt
1000	from the clearing limit in the Soos Creek basin;
1001	c clearing required for the construction of access, utilities and septic systems to
1002	serve any lots one and one quarter acres or smaller in size shall not be counted towards
1003	the thirty-five percent maximum clearing standard;
1004	d. on individual lots smaller than twenty thousand square feet, up to seven
1005	thousand square feet may be cleared;))
1006	1. If there is an approved and current rural stewardship plan or farm
1007	management plan under K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, the maximum amount of clearing
1008	allowed under this section is established by the rural stewardship plan or the farm
1009	management plan;
1010	2. Subsection A. of this section does not apply to a lot within a subdivision or
1011	short subdivision:
1012	a. Approved with clearing restrictions in accordance with section 15 of this
1013	ordinance; or
1014	b. In the Bear Creek, Issaquah Creek or May Creek basins that was approved
1015	with clearing restrictions in accordance with this section as it existed prior to the effective
1016	date of this section;
1017	3. On a lot within a subdivision or short subdivision that is not covered by
1018	subsection C.2. of this section, any land located in an open space tract created as part of
1019	the subdivision or short subdivision shall be credited to the individual lots in the
1020	subdivision or short subdivision on a prorated basis according to the size of each lot in
1021	relation the entire area of the subdivision or short subdivision;

1022	4. The area within critical areas and critical area buffers, except for critical
1023	aquifer recharge areas, may be counted towards meeting the requirements of subsection
1024	A. of this section;
1025	5. Clearing in areas encumbered by a utility corridor, or easement for a public
1026	road or trail rights-of-way or an access easement shall not be counted toward the cleared
1027	area limit;
1028	((e.)) <u>6.</u> ((e)) <u>C</u> learing standards for ((Urban Planned Developments and
1029	Mineral zoned properties will)) mining uses shall be determined through ((their own
1030	designated)) the clearing and grading permit review process((es)); and
1031	$((f_{\cdot}))$ 7. $((e))$ Clearing that is the minimum necessary to provide for the
1032	relocation of equestrian community trails shall not be counted towards the cleared area
1033	<u>limit</u> .
1034	((2. For subdivisions and short subdivisions, portions of the plat that are
1035	required to remain uncleared shall be retained in one or more open space tracts, with all
1036	developable lots sited on the portions of the plat approved to be cleared. Sensitive areas
1037	designated under K.C.C. Title 21A shall be recorded separately from tracts mandated by
1038	this regulation, but may be counted towards meeting these requirements. Tracts
1039	mandated by this regulation may be retained by the subdivider, conveyed to residents of
1040	the subdivision, or conveyed to a third party. Open space tracts shall be shown on all
1041	property maps and shall be protected by covenants, approved by the county, that restrict
1042	their uses to those listed in subsection B of this section. All open space tracts established
1043	pursuant to this regulation shall be clearly marked with at least one sign per buildable lot

adjoining the tract indicating that the tract is permanent, dedicated open space.

3. For individual lots, the clearing limits—shall be applied—at the time of building permit application unless the lot is within a subdivision that has been approved with other conditions to meet the standard established in subsection C.2 of this section. In cases where conditions are applied to the subdivision, individual lots shall be exempt from the clearing restrictions in subsection C.1 of this section. The uses and restrictions on the uncleared portions of individual lots shall be those specified in subsection B of this section. Sensitive areas designated under K.C.C. Title 21A may be counted towards meeting requirements on individual lots.

4. The subdivision or permitting of building on parcels that are cleared in violation of the regulations in effect at the time of the clearing shall be subject to conditions requiring the restoration of trees and understory vegetation on at least sixty-five percent of the plat or lot, or, where applicable, on the percentage of the site that was to remain uncleared under subsection C.1 of this section. A restoration plan shall be required of permit applicants, and shall be subject to the approval of the department of development and environmental services. That department shall prepare administrative rules regarding the review and approval of restoration plans in consultation with the department of natural resources and parks before approving subdivision or building permits for parcels cleared in violation of applicable clearing regulations. The administrative rules shall also specify when a restoration plan will be deemed sufficient to forego the six year moratorium on permitting authorized in K.C.C. 16.82.140.

5. In the Bear Creek basin, the Bear Creek community planning area and the May Creek basin, the requirements of)) D. The director may modify or waive subsection ((C.1)

1067	through 4)) A. of this section ((shall be modified or waived by the director)) for
1068	((proposed projects)) a development proposal that meets the following conditions:
1069	((a.)) 1. $((t))$ The $((project shall))$ development proposal consists of one or
1070	more of the following uses:
1071	(((1))) <u>a.</u> government services listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.060 $((5))$:
1072	(((2))) <u>b.</u> educational services listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.050((5)):
1073	(((3))) c. parks as listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.040 when located adjacent to an
1074	existing or proposed school((,));
1075	$((4))$) <u>d.</u> libraries listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.040(($\frac{1}{2}$)); and
1076	(((5))) <u>e.</u> road projects <u>that are not part of a larger development proposal;</u>
1077	((b-)) <u>2.</u> $((t))$ <u>The</u> $((project))$ <u>development proposal</u> site $((shall))$ <u>is</u> not $((be))$
1078	located in a designated regionally significant resource area, except for utility or road
1079	corridors ((that can)) for which the applicant demonstrates that there is no feasible
1080	alternative or that the development proposal is within an existing maintained corridor. If
1081	only a portion of the project is located within a designated regionally significant resource
1082	area, this subsection applies to that portion of the project located outside of the
1083	designated regionally significant resource area; and
1084	((e-)) 3. To the maximum extent practical, the project ((shall)) locates
1085	structures in already cleared areas of the site and clears the minimum necessary to
1086	accommodate the proposed use which includes all the allowed ballfields, playfields, other
1087	facilities, and spaces proposed by the public agency to carry out its public function((; and
1088	d. the project shall meet the on-site flow control and water quality standards
1089	set forth in the applicable adopted basin plan and the Surface Water Design Manual.

1090	The modification or waiver shall not exempt the project from any other code
1091	provisions which may apply. The director's decision may be appealed to the zoning and
1092	subdivision examiner pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 20.24, but any such an appeal must be
1093	consolidated with an appeal, if any, heard by the examiner on the merits of the proposed
1094	project.
1095	6. In the Issaquah Creek basin, the Soos Creek basin and the East Sammamish
1096	Community Planning Area, the following standards shall apply:
1097	a. in the regionally significant resource areas, except for utility corridors that
1098	can demonstrate no feasible alternative, subsections C.1 through 4 of this section shall
1099	apply; and
1100	b. in areas outside of the regionally significant resources areas, projects that
1101	consist of one or more of the uses identified in subsection C.5a.(1) to (4) of this section
1102	shall be exempt from subsections C.1 through 4 of this section.
1103	D. Construction projects can be a significant contributor of pollution to streams
1104	and wetlands. Therefore, from October 1 through March 31, in the Bear Creek
1105	Community Planning Area, the Northshore Community Planning Area, the East
1106	Sammamish Community Planning Area and the Soos Creek, Hylebos Creek and May
1107	Creek basins:
1108	1. Clearing and grading shall only be permitted if shown to the satisfaction of
1109	the director that silt-laden runoff exceeding standards in the King County Surface Water
1110	Design Manual will be prevented from leaving the construction site through a
1111	combination of the following:

a. site conditions including vegetative coverage, slope, soil type and proximity

1113	to receiving waters;
1114	b. limitations on activities and the extent of disturbed areas; and
1115	c. proposed erosion and sedimentation control measures.
1116	2. The director shall set forth in writing the basis for approval or denial of
1117	elearing or grading during this period.
1118	3. Clearing and grading will be allowed only if there is installation and
1119	maintenance of an erosion and sedimentation control plan approved by the department
1120	which shall define any limits on clearing and grading or specific erosion and sediment
1121	control measures required during this period. Alternate best management practices may
1122	be approved or required on-site by the inspector.
1123	4. If, during the course of construction, silt-laden runoff exceeding standards in
1124	the King County Surface Water Design Manual leaves the construction site or if clearing
1125	and grading limits or erosion and sediment control measures shown in the approved plan
1126	are not maintained, a notice of violation shall be issued.
1127	5. If the erosion and sediment control problem defined in the violation is not
1128	adequately repaired within twenty four hours of the notice of violation, then a notice and
1129	order may be issued by the inspector to install adequate erosion and sediment control
1130	measures to stop silt-laden runoff from leaving the site. The notice and order may also
1131	require the contractor to discontinue any further clearing or grading, except for erosion
1132	and sediment control maintenance and repair, until the following March 31.
1133	6. The following activities are exempt from the seasonal clearing and grading
1134	requirements of this subsection:
1135	a. routine maintenance and necessary repair of erosion and sediment control

1136	facilities;
1137	b. routine maintenance of public facilities or existing utility structures as
1138	provided by K.C.C. 21A.24.050B;
1139	c. activities where there is one hundred percent infiltration of surface water
1140	runoff within the site in approved and installed erosion and sedimentation control
1141	facilities;
1142	d. typical landscaping activities of existing single family residences that do not
1143	require a permit;
1144	e. class I, II III and IV Special forest practices;
1145	f. mineral extraction activities on sites with approved permits; and
1146	g. public agency response to emergencies that threaten the public health, safety
1147	and welfare)).
1148	E. The standards of this section shall be established at the time of permit
1149	application. The area required to remain uncleared shall be designated on the site plan
1150	approved by the department.
1151	F. Areas that are required to remain uncleared under this section shall be
1152	maintained by the property owner as a resource area. The uses permitted in the resource
1153	area shall not prevent the long-term purpose of the resource area to promote forest cover
1154	and shall include uses such as:
1155	1. Except in areas regulated by a source described in subsection B.3. of this
1156	section, forest practices in accordance with a county-approved forest management plan;
1157	2. Passive recreation uses and related facilities, including pedestrian, equestrian
1158	community and bicycle trails, nature viewing areas, fishing and camping areas, and other

1159	similar uses that do not require permanent structures, if:
1160	a. clearing and soil compaction associated with these uses and facilities does
1161	not exceed eight percent of the area of the resource area; and
1162	b. within wildlife habitat corridors, trail widths shall be the minimum allowed
1163	under adopted trail standards and no other recreation uses shall be permitted in an area of
1164	the corridor at least one hundred fifty feet in width;
1165	3. Utilities and utility easements, including surface water facilities, if the
1166	facilities are within or adjacent to existing road or utility easements to the maximum
1167	extent practical;
1168	4. Pruning or removing hazard trees or removing downed trees;
1169	5. Reducing the danger from wildfire by following best management practices
1170	approved by the King County fire marshal;
1171	b. removal of limbs within ten feet of the ground to prevent movement of fire
1172	from ground level to treetops; and
1173	c. removal of dead trees or branches overhanging a residence; and
1174	6. Removal of noxious or invasive vegetation.
1175	G. Before approving a development permit application for a parcel that has been
1176	cleared in violation of the clearing standards in effect at the time of the clearing, the
1177	department shall require the applicant submit to the department and implement a
1178	restoration plan to restore trees, understory vegetation and soil to support and maintain
1179	the native vegetative cover on the percentage of the site that was to remain uncleared
1180	under this section. If the clearing is in violation of the six-year moratorium on permitting
1181	established in K.C.C. 16.82.140, the department may determine whether the restoration

1182	plan is sufficient to mitigate for the impacts resulting from the clearing violation.
1183	NEW SECTION. SECTION 15. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a
1184	new section to read as follows:
1185	Clearing standards for subdivisions and short subdivisions in the rural
1186	residential zone.
1187	A. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the following standards apply to
1188	clearing allowed in subdivisions and short subdivisions in the RA zone:
1189	1. Clearing shall not exceed thirty-five percent of the area of the subdivision and
1190	short subdivision; and
1191	2. The area remaining uncleared shall be:
1192	a. shown on the face of the recorded plat map to delineate where the uncleared
1193	area is to remain on each lot; and
1194	b. marked with at least one sign per buildable lot adjoining the area indicating
1195	that the area is a permanent resource management area.
1196	B. The standards in subsection A. of this section shall not apply if more
1197	restrictive standards apply through:
1198	1. Property-specific development standards pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 21A.38;
1199	or
1200	2. Critical drainage area designations identified by adopted administrative rule.
1201	C. If sixty-five percent or more of the site is in critical areas and critical area
1202	buffers, this section does not apply.
1203	D. Clearing to provide for the relocation of equestrian community trails shall not
1204	be counted towards the cleared area limit.

1205	E. The department may allow an increase in the amount of clearing up to fifty
1206	percent of the site area of a subdivision or short subdivision if the area to remain
1207	uncleared:
1208	1. Is placed in a separate resource tract that is:
1209	a. separately identified from critical area tracts on the face of the recorded plat
1210	map; and
1211	b. retained by the subdivider, conveyed to residents of the subdivision, or
1212	conveyed to a third party;
1213	2. Is situated in a manner that minimizes fragmentation of wildlife habitat or
1214	that maximizes protection of critical areas and prevention of flooding, erosion, and
1215	groundwater impacts based on site characteristics, including topography and soils; and
1216	3. Complies with either of the following:
1217	a. A reforestation plan for the tract is approved and implemented, if the tract
1218	has been legally harvested, or
1219	b. One or more of the following habitats is preserved that is not contained
1220	within another critical area or critical area buffer:
1221	(1) cave;
1222	(2) old-growth forest;
1223	(3) mature forest;
1224	(4) area that has an abundance of snags;
1225	(5) talus slope;
1226	(6) breeding habitat for a species that the county should protect under the King
1227	County Comprehensive Plan;

1228	(7) foraging habitat for any species that the county shall protect or should
1229	protect under the King County Comprehensive Plan; or
1230	(8) a vegetated corridor that connects critical areas, priority habitat areas,
1231	designated regionally or locally significant resource areas, and other areas of high
1232	wildlife value.
1233	F. The approval of a subdivision or short subdivision application for a parcel that
1234	has been cleared in violation of the regulations in effect at the time of the clearing shall
1235	require the restoration of trees, understory vegetation and soil to support and maintain
1236	native vegetation cover on the percentage of the site that was to remain uncleared under
1237	this section. The applicant shall submit to the department a restoration plan. If the
1238	clearing is in violation of the six-year moratorium on permitting authorized in K.C.C.
1239	16.82.140, the department may determine whether the restoration plan is sufficient to
1240	mitigate for the impacts resulting from the clearing violation.
1241	G. The uses permitted within a resource land tract shall be limited as provided in
1242	K.C.C. 16.82.150.F.
1243	NEW SECTION. SECTION 16. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82
1244	a new section to read as follows:
1245	Clearing – modification of limits through farm management and rural
1246	stewardship plans. The clearing limits of K.C.C. 16.82.150 and section 15 of this
1247	ordinance may be modified through a farm management plan or rural stewardship plan
1248	approved in accordance with Ordinance 15051, Sections 138 and 139, respectively.
1249	NEW SECTION. SECTION 17. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a
1250	new section to read as follows:

1251	Significant trees. Within the urban growth area:
1252	A. Except when replacement trees are used as provided in subsection E. of this
1253	section, significant trees, as defined in K.C.C. chapter 21A.06, shall be at a minimum
1254	retained as follows:
1255	1. Exclusive of the area required for site access by vehicles, pedestrians, or
1256	utility infrastructure, significant trees shall be retained within required perimeter
1257	landscape areas at the following rates:
1258	a. one hundred percent for the interior perimeters.
1259	b. seventy-five percent for the street perimeter, though this standard may be
1260	reduced to fifty percent for retail commercial developments if:
1261	(1) the combined landscaping and tree retention requirement is shown by the
1262	applicant to result in:
1263	(a) the loss of the line-of-sight necessary for identification of the retail
1264	commercial development; and
1265	(b) a vegetative buffer exceeding the screening characteristics of a Type III
1266	landscape screen; or
1267	(2) The average width of the street perimeter landscape area is increased by
1268	fifty percent, only if, within the additional landscape area, significant trees are retained at
1269	the rate consistent with subsection A.2. of this section;
1270	2. Significant trees located in the interior of the development proposal,
1271	including critical areas or their buffers, shall be retained in a residential subdivision in
1272	UR or R-1 zones at the rate of twenty trees per acre or ten percent of the trees, whichever
1273	is greater;

1295

site; and

1274	3. Significant trees located in the interior of the development proposal,
1275	excluding critical areas or their buffers, shall be retained in an apartment or townhouse
1276	development at the rate of ten trees per acre or five percent of the trees, whichever is
1277	greater;
1278	4. Significant trees located in the interior of the development proposal,
1279	excluding critical areas or their buffers, shall be retained in commercial or industrial
1280	development or a residential subdivision in the R-4 through R-48 zones at a rate of ten
1281	trees per acre or five percent of the trees, whichever is greater;
1282	5. Significant trees located in the interior of the development proposal,
1283	excluding critical areas or their buffers and areas designated for sport fields, playfields or
1284	other recreational facilities, shall be retained in institutional developments at a rate of ten
1285	trees per acre or five percent of the trees, whichever is greater;
1286	6. Utility developments and mineral extraction operations are exempt from the
1287	significant tree retention requirements of this section; and
1288	7. Project sites with twenty-five percent or greater of the total gross site area in
1289	critical areas, critical area buffers and other areas to be left undisturbed, such as wildlife
1290	corridors, shall be exempt from the significant tree retention requirements of this chapter;
1291	B. The applicant shall submit tree retention plans as follows:
1292	1. A significant tree inventory shall be submitted for review before or with
1293	submittal of development permit applications. The tree inventory may be conducted by

any method that reflects general locations, numbers and grouping of significant trees on-

1296	2. A detailed tree retention plan shall be submitted for review before or with
1297	submittal of grading permit applications or other permit applications incorporating
1298	grading plans. This plan shall identify the exact location, size, species and condition of
1299	the significant trees proposed to be retained, transplanted or replaced to comply with this
1300	chapter;
1301	C. The retention requirements shall be met as follows:
1302	1. Except as provided in subsection C.2. of this section, the applicant shall
1303	determine that the final tree retention plan does not include significant trees unable to
1304	survive more than ten years after the date of project completion due to:
1305	a. damage or disease;
1306	b. safety hazards due to potential root, trunk or primary limb failure;
1307	c. windfall; or
1308	d. age in relation to the normal lifespan of the tree species;
1309	2. At the discretion of the county, damaged or diseased or standing dead trees,
1310	not classified as a danger tree, may be counted toward the significant tree requirement if
1311	the applicant demonstrates that such trees will provide important wildlife habitat; and
1312	3. A significant tree may be credited as two trees when it meets one or more of
1313	the following characteristics:
1314	a. the tree is eighteen inches or greater in diameter;
1315	b. the tree is located in a grouping of at least five trees with canopies that
1316	touch or overlap;
1317	c. the tree provides energy savings through winter wind protection or summer
1318	shading as a result of its location relative to buildings;

1319	d. the tree belongs to a unique or unusual species;
1320	e. the tree is located within twenty-five feet of any critical area or required
1321	critical area buffers; or
1322	f. the tree is listed on a historical register;
1323	D. To provide the best protection for significant trees designated for retention,
1324	the development shall comply with the following:
1325	1. Tree removal for a project action shall not be allowed before county
1326	approval;
1327	2. Before clearing for a project action, trees to be retained shall be flagged;
1328	3. Before grading for a project action and throughout construction, a temporary
1329	chain link or plastic net fence shall be used to identify the protected area of any
1330	significant tree designated for retention. The height of the fencing shall be adjusted
1331	according to the topographic and vegetative conditions of the site to provide clear visual
1332	delineation of the protected area. The size of protected area around the tree shall be equal
1333	to one foot diameter for each inch of tree trunk diameter measured four feet above the
1334	ground; and
1335	4. At any time during and after construction, the following shall not be
1336	permitted within the area described in subsection D.3. of this section:
1337	a. impervious surfaces, fill, excavation or storage of construction materials; or
1338	b. grade level changes, except in limited circumstances where proposed
1339	improvements using permeable materials are determined by an arborist to be
1340	nondetrimental to the trees root system; and

1341	5. Alternative or additional protection methods may be proposed and be used if
1342	determined by the director to provide equal or greater protection for trees designated for
1343	retention;
1344	E. Plan modifications and tree replacement are permitted as follows:
1345	1. Any significant tree in the interior may be replaced by another significant tree
1346	in the interior;
1347	2. If the required number of significant trees cannot be retained, then
1348	nonsignificant-sized trees may be retained or new trees may be planted to meet
1349	significant tree requirements. A significant tree to be replaced by the new or existing
1350	replacement tree shall be assigned a diameter of twelve inches. In addition:
1351	a. when using replacement trees measuring three inches in diameter or greater,
1352	as measured by caliper, one-half inch diameter of replacement tree shall be provided for
1353	every one inch diameter of significant tree to be replaced; and
1354	b. when using replacement trees measuring less than three inches in diameter,
1355	as measured by caliper, one inch diameter of replacement tree shall be provided for every
1356	one inch diameter of significant tree to be replaced;
1357	3. An approved tree retention plan shall be modified to reflect any changes
1358	made in accordance with subsection E.1 and 2. of this section; and
1359	4. If the department determines that retaining or replacing significant trees on
1360	site is impractical or contrary to the overall objectives of the underlying zone
1361	classification, alternative off-site locations may be used in accordance with the following:
1362	a. within the same subbasin in a location that also affords wildlife habitat
1363	protection or enhancement at a ratio of one-to-one;

1364	b. within the same subbasin but without wildlife habitat protection or
1365	enhancement, at a ratio of one-and-one half-to-one;
1366	c. within the same basin in a location that also affords wildlife habitat
1367	protection or enhancement at a ratio of two-to-one;
1368	d. within the same basin but without wildlife habitat protection or
1369	enhancement, at a ratio of three-to-one;
1370	e. within the same drainage in a location that also affords wildlife habitat
1371	protection or enhancement at a ratio of three-to-one; and
1372	f. within the same drainage but without wildlife habitat protection or
1373	enhancement, at a ratio of four-to-one;
1374	F. The following provisions apply to significant trees where applicable:
1375	1. All significant trees shall be pruned and trimmed as necessary to maintain a
1376	healthy growing condition or to prevent primary limb failure. This requirement shall not be
1377	interpreted to allow:
1378	a. topping of primary stems;
1379	b. pruning that results in the loss of twenty percent of vegetative mass; and
1380	c. cutting of major roots, except in preparation for transplantation or as deemed
1381	necessary or acceptable by a certified arborist; and
1382	2. With the exception of dead, diseased or damaged trees specifically retained to
1383	provide wildlife habitat; other dead, diseased, damaged or stolen plantings shall be replaced
1384	within three months or during the next planting season if the loss does not occur in a
1385	planting season; and

1386	G. The development standards in this section do not apply to institutional
1387	development proposals that consist of one or more of the following uses:
1388	1. Government services listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.060;
1389	2. Educational services listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.050;
1390	3. Parks as listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.040 when located adjacent to an existing or
1391	proposed school; or
1392	4. Libraries listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.040.
1393	NEW SECTION. SECTION 18. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 16.82 a
1394	new section to read as follows:
1395	Hazard and damage. A person conducting clearing or grading shall protect
1396	adjacent property, public resources including surface and groundwaters, set-aside areas,
1397	rights-of-way and drainage systems from hazards and damage resulting from activities
1398	allowed under this chapter.
1399	SECTION 19. Ordinance 11618, Section 8, and K.C.C. 16.82.160 are each hereby
1400	amended to read as follows:
1401	$ Agricultural \ ((\textbf{P})) \underline{p} roduction \ ((\textbf{D})) \underline{d} i strict((\textbf{s})) \ (((\underline{APDs}))) \ \underline{standards}. \ \ ((For \ any \ a$
1402	clearing and grading permits issued under this chapter for u))Utilities or other public
1403	facilities crossing a portion of an (((APD, the following conditions)) agricultural
1404	production district shall be required to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department
1405	that:
1406	A. ((Demonstration that a))Alternatives to crossing ((APDs are)) the agricultural
1407	<u>production district are</u> not feasible($(\frac{1}{2})$);

1408	B. Timing of installation of facilities will minimize impacts to seasonal
1409	agricultural practices((,)); and
1410	C. ((Placement of f)) Facilities are sized, constructed and placed in ((APD are
1411	built and located)) the agricultural product district to minimize disruption of agricultural
1412	activity and to take the least amount of area out of agricultural production.
1413	SECTION 20. Ordinance 12823, Section 19 and K.C.C. 21A.38.230 are each
1414	hereby amended to read as follows:
1415	Special district overlay $-((S))$ significant $((T))$ trees.
1416	A. The purpose of the significant trees special district overlay is to provide a means
1417	to designate areas losing their natural vegetation that characterizes their community and
1418	receiving the accompanying impacts from increased stormwater runoff and decreased
1419	wildlife habitat. This district overlay limits removal of significant trees in these urbanizing
1420	areas to reduce visual impacts of development and maintain a portion of the natural
1421	vegetation and soils characteristic of the Pacific Northwest.
1422	B. The following development standards shall be applied to all residential,
1423	commercial (((\cdot))including golf courses(((\cdot))), industrial or institutional development
1424	proposals located within a significant tree district overlay:
1425	1. ((Significant tree retention rates.)) Except when replacement trees are used as
1426	provided in subsection B.5. of this section, significant trees defined ((pursuant to)) under
1427	K.C.C. chapter 21A.06 shall be at a minimum retained as follows:
1428	a. Exclusive of the area required for site access by vehicles, pedestrians, or
1429	utility infrastructure, significant trees shall be retained within required perimeter landscape
1430	areas at the following rates:

1431	(1) (Θ) one hundred percent for the interior perimeters.
1432	(2) $((S))$ seventy-five percent for the street perimeter, provided that this standard
1433	may be reduced to $((50))$ <u>fifty</u> percent for retail commercial developments if:
1434	(a) the combined landscaping and tree retention requirement is shown by the
1435	applicant to result in:
1436	i. the loss of the line-of-sight necessary for identification of the retail
1437	commercial development; and
1438	ii. a vegetative buffer exceeding the screening characteristics of a Type III
1439	landscape screen; or
1440	(b) The average width of the street perimeter landscape area is increased by
1441	((50)) fifty percent, ((provided that)) only if, within the additional landscape area,
1442	significant trees are retained at the rate consistent with subsection ((e)) <u>B.1.b.</u> of this
1443	section;
1444	b. ((If any portion of the lot contains erosion hazards, significant trees located in
1445	the interior of separate lots, including sensitive areas or their buffers, shall be retained in
1446	single detached dwelling development at the rate of 20 trees per acre or ten percent of such
1447	trees, whichever is greater;
1448	e.)) Significant trees located in the interior of the development proposal,
1449	including sensitive areas or their buffers, shall be retained in a residential subdivision <u>in the</u>
1450	<u>UR or R-1 zones</u> at the rate of 20 trees per acre or ten percent of such trees, whichever is
1451	greater;
1452	((d.)) c. Significant trees located in the interior of the development proposal,
1453	excluding ((sensitive)) critical areas or their buffers, shall be retained in an apartment or

1454	townhouse development at the rate of $((20))$ ten trees per acre or $((ten))$ five percent of such
1455	trees, whichever is greater;
1456	((e.)) d. Significant trees located in the interior of the development proposal,
1457	excluding ((sensitive)) critical areas or their buffers, shall be retained in commercial or
1458	industrial development or a residential subdivision in the R-4 through R-48 zones at a rate
1459	of ten trees per acre or five percent of such trees, whichever is greater;
1460	((f.)) e. Significant trees located in the interior of the development proposal,
1461	excluding ((sensitive)) critical areas or their buffers and areas designated for sport fields,
1462	playfields or other recreational facilities, shall be retained in institutional developments at a
1463	rate of ten trees per acre or five percent of such trees, whichever is greater;
1464	((g.)) <u>f.</u> Utility developments and mineral extraction operations shall be exempt
1465	from the significant tree retention requirements of this section; and
1466	((h.)) g. Project sites with $((25))$ twenty-five percent or greater of the total gross
1467	site area in ((sensitive)) critical areas, ((sensitive)) critical area buffers and other areas to be
1468	left undisturbed such as wildlife corridors, shall be exempt from the significant tree
1469	retention requirements of this chapter;
1470	2. ((Retention plan.)) The applicant shall submit tree retention plans as follows:
1471	a. A significant tree inventory shall be submitted for review prior to or with
1472	submittal of development permit applications. The tree inventory may be conducted by
1473	any method that reflects general locations, numbers and grouping of significant trees on-
1474	site; and
1475	b. A detailed tree retention plan shall be submitted for review ((prior to)) before
1476	or with submittal of grading permit applications or other permit applications incorporating

1477	grading plans. ((This)) The plan shall identify the exact location, size, species, and
1478	condition of the significant trees proposed to be retained, transplanted or replaced in order
1479	to comply with this chapter;
1480	3. The retention requirements shall be met as follows:
1481	a. Except as provided in subsection <u>B.3.</u> b. of this section, the applicant shall
1482	determine that the final tree retention plan does not include significant trees unable to
1483	survive more than ten years after the date of project completion due to:
1484	(1) $((\Theta))\underline{d}$ amage or disease;
1485	(2) $((S))$ safety hazards due to potential root, trunk or primary limb failure;
1486	(3) $((\Psi))\underline{w}$ indfall; or
1487	(4) ((A))age in relation to the normal lifespan of the tree species;
1488	b. At the discretion of the ((eounty)) department, damaged or diseased or
1489	standing dead trees, not classified as a danger tree, may be counted toward the significant
1490	tree requirement if demonstrated that such trees will provide important wildlife habitat; and
1491	c. A significant tree may be credited as two trees when it meets one or more of
1492	the following characteristics:
1493	(1) $((T))$ the tree is $((18))$ eighteen inches or greater in diameter;
1494	(2) $((T))$ the tree is located in a grouping of at least five trees with canopies that
1495	touch or overlap;
1496	(3) $((\mp))$ the tree provides energy savings through winter wind protection or
1497	summer shading as a result of its location relative to buildings;
1498	(4) $((\mp))$ the tree belongs to a unique or unusual species;

1499	(5) $((T))$ the tree is located within $((25))$ twenty-five feet of any $((sensitive))$
1500	<u>critical</u> area or required ((sensitive)) <u>critical</u> area buffers; or
1501	(6) ((T))he tree is listed on a historical register((; and
1502	d. The department shall, pursuant to K.C.C. 2.98, develop and maintain an
1503	advisory listing of trees recommended for retention. Such list shall describe their general
1504	characteristics and suitability, and provide guidelines for their retention));
1505	4. ((Protection.)) To provide the best protection for significant trees designated
1506	for retention, the development shall comply with the following:
1507	a. $((No t))\underline{T}$ ree removal for a project action shall be allowed $((prior to))$ before
1508	the county approval ((of a grading permit consistent with tree retention and landscape
1509	plans));
1510	b. ((Prior to)) Before clearing for a project action, trees to be retained shall be
1511	flagged;
1512	c. ((Prior to)) Before grading for a project action and throughout construction, a
1513	temporary chain-link or plastic net fence shall be used to identify the protected area of any
1514	significant tree designated for retention. The height of $((such))$ the fencing shall be
1515	adjusted according to the topographic and vegetative conditions of the site to provide clear
1516	visual delineation of the protected area. The size of protected area around the tree shall be
1517	equal to one foot diameter for each inch of tree trunk diameter measured four feet above the
1518	ground; and
1519	d. At no time during and after construction shall the following be permitted
1520	within the area described in subsection <u>B.4.c.</u> of this section:

1521	(1) $((\frac{1}{2}))$ impervious surfaces, fill, excavation($(\frac{1}{2})$) or storage of construction
1522	materials; or
1523	(2) ((G))grade level changes, except in limited circumstances where proposed
1524	improvements using permeable materials are determined by an arborist to be non((-
1525))detrimental to the trees root system; and
1526	e. Alternative or additional protection methods may be proposed and be used if
1527	determined by the director to provide equal or greater protection for trees designated for
1528	retention;
1529	5. Plan modifications and tree replacement are permitted as follows:
1530	a. Any significant tree in the interior may be replaced by another significant tree
1531	in the interior;
1532	b. If the required number of significant trees cannot be retained, then non((-
1533))significant_sized trees may be retained or new trees may be planted to meet significant
1534	tree requirements((as follows, provided that the reason for the purpose of this subsection,
1535	the)). A significant tree to be replaced by the new or existing replacement tree ((is)) shall
1536	be assigned a diameter of ((12)) twelve inches. In addition:
1537	(1) When using replacement trees measuring three inches in diameter or greater
1538	$((\underbrace{())}_{2}$ as measured by caliper $((\underbrace{)})$), one-half inch diameter of replacement tree shall be
1539	provided for every one inch diameter of significant tree to be replaced; and
1540	(2) When using replacement trees measuring less than three inches in diameter
1541	((())as measured by caliper(())), one inch diameter of replacement tree shall be provided for
1542	every one inch diameter of significant tree to be replaced; ((and))

1543	c. An approved tree retention plan shall be modified to reflect any changes made
1544	((pursuant to)) under subsection B.5.a. and b((÷)). of this section; and
1545	d. If the department determines that retaining or replacing significant trees on
1546	site is impractical or contrary to the overall objectives of the underlying zone
1547	classification, alternative off-site locations may be used in accordance with the following:
1548	(1) within the same subbasin in a location that also affords wildlife habitat
1549	protection or enhancement at a ratio of one-to-one;
1550	(2) within the same subbasin but without wildlife habitat protection or
1551	enhancement, at a ratio of one-and-one half-to-one;
1552	(3) within the same basin in a location that also affords wildlife habitat
1553	protection or enhancement at a ratio of two-to-one;
1554	(4) within the same basin but without wildlife habitat protection or
1555	enhancement, at a ratio of three-to-one;
1556	(5) within the same drainage in a location that also affords wildlife habitat
1557	protection or enhancement at a ratio of three-to-one; and
1558	(6) within the same drainage but without wildlife habitat protection or
1559	enhancement, at a ratio of four-to-one; and
1560	6. ((Maintenance.)) The following provisions apply to significant trees where
1561	applicable:
1562	a. All significant trees shall be maintained for the life of the project;
1563	b. All significant trees shall be pruned and trimmed as necessary to maintain a
1564	healthy growing condition or to prevent primary limb failure. This requirement shall not be
1565	interpreted to allow:

1566	(1) $((\mp))$ topping of primary stems;
1567	(2) $((P))$ pruning that results in the loss of $((20))$ twenty percent of vegetative
1568	mass, and
1569	(3) Cutting of major roots, except in preparation for transplantation or as
1570	deemed necessary and/or acceptable by a certified arborist; and
1571	c. With the exception of dead, diseased or damaged trees specifically retained to
1572	provide wildlife habitat; other dead, diseased, damaged or stolen plantings shall be replaced
1573	within three months or during the next planting season if the loss does not occur in a
1574	planting season.
1575	C. The development standards set forth in paragraph B shall not be applied to
1576	institutional development proposals that consist of one or more of the following uses:
1577	1. Government services listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.060,
1578	2. Educational services listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.050,
1579	3. Parks as listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.040 when located adjacent to an existing or
1580	proposed school, or
1581	4. Libraries listed in K.C.C. 21A.08.040.
1582	NEW SECTION. SECTION 21. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter
1583	16.8221A.24 a new section to read as follows:
1584	Vesting period for lots in final short plats. Unless the department finds that a
1585	change in conditions creates a serious threat to the public health or safety in the short
1586	subdivision, for a period of five years after recording, a lot within a short subdivision
1587	shall be governed by the provisions of this chapter in effect at the time a fully completed

Ordinance 15053

1588	application for short subdivision approval was filed in accordance with K.C.C. chapter	
1589	20.20.	
1590	SECTION 22. Effective date. This ordinance takes effect January 1, 2005.	
1591	SECTION 23. Severability. If any provision of this ordinance or its application	

1592	to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the		
1593	application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.		
1594			
	Ordinance 15053 was introduced on 3/8/2004 and passed as amended by the Metropolitan King County Council on 10/25/2004, by the following vote: Yes: 7 - Mr. Phillips, Ms. Edmonds, Mr. Pelz, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Gossett, Patterson and Mr. Constantine No: 6 - Mr. von Reichbauer, Ms. Lambert, Mr. McKenna, Mr. Hammond, Hague and Mr. Irons Excused: 0		
		KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON	
	ATTEST:	Larry Phillips, Chair	
	Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council		
	APPROVED this day of, _		
		Ron Sims, County Executive	
	Attachments None		